Set forth below are links to certain officially released documents related to the use by the Intelligence Community (IC) of national security authorities. These documents have been published to meet legal requirements, as well as to carry out the Principles of Intelligence Transparency for the IC. Listed below are links to selected documents; there are many more officially released documents available for public review.

**IC on the Record.** IC on the Record (ICOTR) is an online platform maintained by the Office of the Director of National Intelligence (ODNI) to provide officially released information about the IC, focusing primarily on foreign intelligence surveillance activities. Hundreds of documents and thousands of pages have been posted on this platform.

- **ICOTR Transparency Tracker:** The ODNI’s Office of Civil Liberties, Privacy and Transparency maintains the ICOTR Transparency Tracker. This spreadsheet indexes the materials posted on IC on the Record, as well as relevant materials posted on other government sites.

**General Overviews of Section 702 of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act (FISA).** The FISA Amendments Act – which includes Section 702 – will expire at the end of 2017 unless it is reauthorized by Congress. The government has provided general overviews of this critical national security authority:

- **FISA Amendments Act: Q&A.** The IC prepared a detailed Q&A document describing Section 702 and other provisions of the FISA Amendments Act. This document includes a discussion of the intelligence value of Section 702, with examples.

- **Joint Unclassified Statement on Section 702.** IC FISA experts testified about Section 702 before the House Judiciary Committee in March, 2017. The statement for the record provides a detailed overview of Section 702, and is posted here.

- **IC Legal Reference Book.** The text of FISA and other legal authorities relevant to the IC can be found in the IC Legal Reference Book, compiled by ODNI’s Office of the General Counsel.

**Reports on Use of National Security Authorities.** The government prepares a variety of reports detailing its use of national security authorities. These reports contain a wealth of information about how the government implements FISA and other key authorities.

- **Annual Statistical Transparency Report Regarding Us of National Security Authorities.** For the past four years, the ODNI has published on ICOTR annual reports that provide
important statistics on how national security authorities are used. The fourth such report, for calendar year 2016, is posted here. This report includes statistics required by the USA FREEDOM Act, as well as other statistics published pursuant to the Principles of Intelligence Transparency.

• **Reports posted on the Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board’s website** ([www.pclob.gov](http://www.pclob.gov)). The Privacy and Civil Liberties Oversight Board (PCLOB) is an independent, bipartisan agency within the executive branch. The PCLOB provides advice and oversight regarding efforts to protect the Nation from terrorism. The PCLOB has published major reports on the executive branch’s use of national security authorities.
  - [PCLOB Report](http://www.pclob.gov) on the Surveillance Program Operated Pursuant to Section 702 of FISA (July 2, 2014).
  - [PCLOB Report](http://www.pclob.gov) on the Telephone Records Program Conducted under Section 215 of the USA PATRIOT Act and on the Operations of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (January 23, 2014).
  - [PCLOB Update](http://www.pclob.gov) on the government’s implementation of the PCLOB Recommendations on Section 215 and Section 702 (February 5, 2016).

• **Reports posted on NSA’s Civil Liberties and Privacy Office (NSA CLPO) website** ([www.nsa.gov/about/civil-liberties](http://www.nsa.gov/about/civil-liberties)). NSA CLPO has, in the interest of transparency, prepared and published three reports describing how NSA implements key authorities, and assessing the corresponding civil liberties and privacy implications.
  - [NSA CLPO Report](http://www.nsa.gov) on NSA’s implementation of Section 702.
  - [NSA CLPO Transparency Report](http://www.nsa.gov) on NSA’s implementation of the new business records provisions of the USA FREEDOM Act.
  - [NSA CLPO Report](http://www.nsa.gov) on civil liberties and privacy protections for targeted signals intelligence (SIGINT) activities under Executive Order 12333.

**Targeting, Minimization, and Compliance under Section 702 of FISA.** Section 702 allows for the targeting of (i) non-United States persons (ii) reasonably believed to be located abroad (iii) to acquire foreign intelligence information. To ensure that all three requirements are appropriately met, Section 702 requires targeting and minimization procedures that are reviewed and approved by the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC). Extensive measures are used to verify compliance with those procedures.

• **Targeting Procedures.** Targeting is effectuated by tasking communications facilities (such as telephone numbers and electronic communications accounts) to U.S. electronic communications service providers. For the first time, the government released redacted versions of targeting procedures.
  - [2016 NSA’s Section 702 Targeting Procedures dated March 30, 2017](http://www.nsa.gov)
  - [2016 FBI’s Section 702 Targeting Procedures dated September 26, 2016](http://www.nsa.gov)

• **Minimization Procedures.** Section 702 also requires minimization procedures to minimize and protect any non-public information of United States persons that may be
incidentally collected when appropriately targeting non-United States persons abroad for foreign intelligence information. The government has released several sets of minimization procedures for the past few years. The most recently released minimization procedures are set forth below.

- **2016 NSA’s Section 702 Minimization Procedures dated March 30, 2017**
- **2016 FBI’s Section 702 Minimization Procedures dated September 26, 2016**
- **2016 CIA’s Section 702 Minimization Procedures dated September 26, 2016**
- **2016 NCTC’s Section 702 Minimization Procedures dated September 26, 2016**

**Summary of Oversight Activities Conducted by DOJ and ODNI.** The National Security Division of the Department of Justice and the ODNI jointly conduct oversight of how the IC implements Section 702. These activities were officially described in a filing with the FISC, which is posted [here](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/).

**Semiannual Assessments of Compliance with Procedures and Guidelines Issued Pursuant to Section 702 of FISA.** Semiannual Compliance Assessments under Section 702 of FISA. These compliance assessments are jointly submitted by the Attorney General and the DNI. As of January 2017, fifteen joint assessments have been submitted. The 13th-15th Joint Assessments are posted [here](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/), together with a corresponding Fact Sheet explaining joint assessments.

**Recently Posted Opinions of the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court (FISC) and the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Court of Review (FISCR).** The FISC and FISCR carry out their judicial duties under FISA in a classified setting, so that they can receive and act on classified information relating to the government’s implementation of FISA authorities. Recently, a substantial number of filings, rulings, and other documents related to the FISC and FISCR have been made public, in redacted form.

- **FISC Website.** FISC rulings, filings and other documents can also be found on the FISC’s website: [http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/).

- **Recent Releases on ICOTR.**
  - [The FISC’s April 26, 2017 Memorandum Opinion and Order](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/), addressing, among other things, the upstream compliance incident that is described by NSA [here](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/).
  - [Over a dozen FISC opinions and related documents](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/), recently released as part of FOIA litigation.
  - [Release of FISC Question of Law and FISCR Opinion](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/), regarding collection of post-cut through digits using a pen register and trap and trace device.
  - [Release of three FISC opinions](http://www.fisc.uscourts.gov/): June 18, 2015 Memorandum Opinion regarding appointment of amicus for a particular case; November 6, 2015 Memorandum Opinion and Order regarding the 2015 Section 702 Certifications; and December 31, 2015 Memorandum Opinion, approving the Government’s first application for orders requiring the production of call detail records under the USA FREEDOM Act.
Executive Order 12333. The IC has also released important documents related to Executive Order 12333, which establishes the Executive Branch framework for the country’s national intelligence efforts, and includes safeguards for protecting privacy and civil liberties in the conduct of intelligence activities. It was originally issued by President Ronald Reagan in 1981, was most recently revised and re-issued by President George W. Bush in 2008.

- **General Documents.** Executive Order 12333, as amended, is posted [here](#). An information paper describing the 2008 revision is posted [here](#).

- **Attorney-General Approved Procedures.** Section 2.3 of Executive Order 12333 provides that IC elements may collect, retain, and disseminate information concerning United States persons pursuant to procedures established by the head of the IC element and approved by the Attorney General, in consultation with the DNI.
  - **DoD.** The Department of Defense updated its Attorney General-approved procedures last year: [Department of Defense Manual 5240.01](#), Procedures Governing the Conduct of DoD Intelligence Activities, with corresponding [Fact Sheet](#). These procedures cover the IC elements that are part of DoD: DIA, NGA, NRO, NSA, and the intelligence elements of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marines.
  - **NSA.** In addition, NSA also follows United States Signals Directive (USSID) SP0018, Legal Compliance and U.S. Persons Minimization Procedures (January 25, 2011), commonly referred to as [USSID 18](#).
  - **CIA.** The CIA updated its Attorney General approved procedures earlier this year: [CIA’s Executive Order 12333, Attorney General Procedures](#), with corresponding [Detailed Description](#).
  - **Table.** A table with links to IC elements’ procedures is posted [here](#).

- **Raw Signals Intelligence Availability Procedures.** Section 2.3 of Executive Order 12333 also provides that raw or unminimized signals intelligence (SIGINT) information may only be disseminated or made available to Intelligence Community elements in accordance with procedures established by the DNI in coordination with the Secretary of Defense and approved by the Attorney General.
  - The Raw SIGINT Availability Procedures were finalized and released in January of this year, and are posted [here](#), with corresponding [Fact Sheet](#). The procedures require strict safeguards comparable to those applicable to the rigorous controls imposed by NSA for handling such information.

Presidential Policy Directive 28, Signals Intelligence Activities (PPD-28). PPD-28 was issued in January 2014 and remains in effect. It sets forth general privacy protection principles for SIGINT activities, limits the use of SIGINT collected in bulk, provides for the involvement of senior
policy makers in key SIGINT decisions, and imposes specific safeguards to protect the privacy of all individuals, regardless of nationality.

- **PPD-28.** PPD-28 is posted [here](http://www.example.com).

- **IC Element Policies Implementing PPD-28.** Section 4 of PPD-28 calls on each IC element to update existing or issue new policies and procedures to implement principles for safeguarding all personal information collected through SIGINT, consistent with technical capabilities and operational needs. A table with links to each IC element’s policies under PPD-28 is posted [here](http://www.example.com). In addition, links to two IC Standards relating to PPD-28 are posted [here](http://www.example.com).

- **Annual Signals Intelligence Reform Progress Report.** For the past three years, the ODNI has published an annual report outlining progress under PPD-28 and related SIGINT reform efforts. The report for calendar year 2016 is posted [here](http://www.example.com).